12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc - 14Vdc; 0.69V to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current



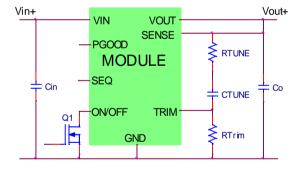




RoHS Compliant Applications

EZ-SEQUENCE™

- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Telecommunications equipment
- Servers and storage applications
- Networking equipment
- Industrial equipment



Features

- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and amended Directive (EU) 2015/863 (Z versions)
- Compatible in a Pb-free or SnPb reflow environment (Z versions)
- Compliant to REACH Directive (EC) No 1907/2006
- Wide Input voltage range (4.5Vdc-14Vdc)
- Output voltage programmable from 0.69Vdc to 5.5 Vdc via external resistor
- Tunable Loop[™] to optimize dynamic output voltage response
- Flexible output voltage sequencing EZ-SEQUENCE (APTS versions)
- Fixed switching frequency and ability to synchronize with external clock
- Output overcurrent protection (non-latching)
- Overtemperature protection
- Remote On/Off
- Remote Sense
- Power Good signal
- Ability to sink and source current
- Small size:

33 mm x 13.46 mm x 8.5 mm (1.3 in x 0.53 in x 0.334 in)

- Wide operating temperature range [-40°C to 85°C]
- ANSI/UL* 62368-1 and CAN/ CSA[†] C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE[‡] 0868-1/A11:2017 (EN62368-1:2014/A11:2017)
- ISO** 9001 and ISO 14001 certified manufacturing facilities

Description

The 12V TLynxTM series of power modules are non-isolated dc-dc converters that can deliver up to 20A of output current. These modules operate over a wide range of input voltage ($V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{Vdc-}14 \text{Vdc}$) and provide a precisely regulated output voltage from 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc, programmable via an external resistor. Features include frequency synchronization, remote On/Off, adjustable output voltage, over current and temperature protection, power good and output voltage sequencing. The Ruggedized version (-D) is capable of operation up to 105°C and withstand high levels of shock and vibration. The Tunable LoopTM, allows the user to optimize the dynamic response of the converter to match the load with reduced amount of output capacitance leading to savings on cost and PWB area.

- * UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
- † CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.
- VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V
- ** ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards



12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage	All	V _{IN}	-0.3	15	Vdc
Continuous					
Voltage on SEQ terminal	All	V_{SEQ}	-0.3	V _{IN}	Vdc
Voltage on SYNC terminal	All	V _{SYNC}	-0.3	12	Vdc
Voltage on PG terminal	All	V_{PG}	-0.3	6	Vdc
Operating Ambient Temperature	All	T _A	-40	85	°C
(see Thermal Considerations section)					
Storage Temperature	All	T_{stg}	-55	125	°C

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	All	V _{IN}	4.5	_	14	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	All	I _{IN,max}			20	Adc
(V _{IN} =4.5V to 14V, I _O =I _{O, max})						
Input No Load Current						
$(V_{IN} = 10.0Vdc, I_0 = 0, module enabled)$	V _{O,set} = 0.69 Vdc	I _{IN,No load}		42		mA
$(V_{IN} = 12.0 \text{Vdc}, I_0 = 0, \text{ module enabled})$	V _{O,set} = 3.3Vdc	I _{IN,No load}		74		mA
Input Stand-by Current	All	I _{IN,stand-by}		3		mA
$(V_{IN} = 12.0Vdc, module disabled)$						
Inrush Transient	All	I²t			1	A ² s
Input Reflected Ripple Current, peak-to-peak (5Hz to 20MHz, 1μ H source impedance; V_{IN} =4.5V to $14V_{I}$ I_{O} = I_{Omax} ; See Test Configurations)	All			43		mAp-p
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	All			45		dB

CAUTION: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.

This power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple standalone operation to an integrated part of sophisticated power architecture. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included; however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 20 A (see Safety Considerations section). Based on the information provided in this data sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's data sheet for further information.

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage Set-point	All	V _{O, set}	-1.5		+1.5	% V _{O, set}
Output Voltage	All	V _{O, set}	-2.5	_	+2.5	% V _{O, set}
(Over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions until end of life)						
Adjustment Range (selected by an external resistor) (Some output voltages may not be possible depending on the input voltage – see Feature Descriptions Section)	All	Vo	0.69		5.5	Vdc
Output Regulation (for V ₀ ≥ 2.5Vdc)						
Line (V _{IN} =V _{IN, min} to V _{IN, max})	All			_	+0.4	% V _{O, set}
Load (Io=Io, min to Io, max)	All			_	10	mV
Output Regulation (for V _o < 2.5Vdc)						
Line (V _{IN} =V _{IN, min} to V _{IN, max})	All			_	10	mV
Load (Io=Io, min to Io, max)	All			_	5	mV
Temperature ($T_{ref}=T_{A, min}$ to $T_{A, max}$)	All			_	0.5	% V _{O, set}
Remote Sense Range	All				0.5	Vdc
Output Ripple and Noise on nominal output $(V_{IN}=V_{IN, nom} \text{ and } I_0=I_{0, min} \text{ to } I_{0, max} \text{ Co} = 0.1 \mu\text{F} // 10 \mu\text{F} $ ceramic capacitors) Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All		_	30	80	mV_{pk-pk}
RMS				14	28	mV_{rms}
External Capacitance ¹						
Without the Tunable Loop™						
ESR ≥ 1 mΩ	All	C _{O, max}	0	_	200	μF
With the Tunable Loop™						
ESR ≥ 0.15 mΩ	All	C _{O, max}	0	_	1000	μF
ESR ≥ 10 mΩ	All	C _{O, max}	0	_	10000	μF
Output Current	All	Io	0		20	Adc
Output Current Limit Inception (Hiccup Mode)	All	I _{O, lim}		120		% I _{o,max}
Output Short-Circuit Current	All	I _{O, s/c}		2.6		Adc
(Vo≤250mV) (Hiccup Mode)						
Efficiency (V _{IN} = 10Vdc)	V _{O,set} = 0.69Vdc	η		72.1		%
V _{IN} = 12Vdc, T _A =25°C	V _{O,set} = 1.2Vdc	η		81.3		%
$I_O=I_{O, max}$, $V_O=V_{O, set}$	V _{O,set} = 1.8Vdc	η		85.7		%
	V _{O, set} = 2.5Vdc	η		88.0		%
	V _{O,set} = 3.3Vdc	η		89.7		%
	V _{O,set} = 5.0Vdc	η		91.8		%

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¹ External capacitors may require using the new Tunable Loop[™] feature to ensure that the module is stable as well as getting the best transient response. See the Tunable Loop[™] section for details.

12V TLynx[™] 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Switching Frequency	All	f _{sw}	_	550	_	kHz
Frequency Synchronization						
Synchronization Frequency Range			520		600	kHz
High-Level Input Voltage	All	V _{IH}	2.5			V
Low-Level Input Voltage	All	VIL			0.8	V
Input Current, SYNC	V _{SYNC} =2.5V	I _{SYNC}			1	mA
Minimum Pulse Width, SYNC	All	tsync	250			ns
Minimum Setup/Hold Time, SYNC ²	All	t _{SYNC_SH}	250			ns
Dynamic Load Response						
(dlo/dt=10A/μs; V _{IN} = V _{IN, nom} ; V _{out} = 1.5V, T _A =25°C)						
Load Change from Io= 50% to 100% of Io,max; Co = 0						
Peak Deviation	All	V_{pk}		380		mV
Settling Time (Vo<10% peak deviation)	All	ts		30		μs
Load Change from Io= 100% to 50%of Io,max: Co = 0						
Peak Deviation	All	V_{pk}		300		mV
Settling Time (Vo<10% peak deviation)	All	ts		30		μs

² To meet set up time requirements for the synchronization circuit, the logic low width of the pulse must be greater than 100 ns wide.

General Specifications

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Calculated MTBF (I _O =0.8I _{O, max} , V _O =5V, T _A =40°C) Telecordia Method Issue 2, Method I Case 3		14,262,200		Hours
Weight	_	6.05 (0.213)	_	g (oz.)

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Feature Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
On/Off Signal Interface						
$(V_{IN}=V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$; open collector or equivalent,						
Signal referenced to GND)						
Device is with suffix "4" – Positive Logic (See Ordering Information)						
Logic High (Module ON)						
Input High Current	All	Іін		_	25	μΑ
Input High Voltage	All	ViH	V _{IN} - 1	_	V _{IN,max}	V
Logic Low (Module OFF)						
Input Low Current	All	lıL	_	_	3	mA
Input Low Voltage	All	VIL	_	_	3.5	V
Device Code with no suffix – Negative Logic (See Ordering Information)						
(On/OFF pin is open collector/drain logic input with						
external pull-up resistor; signal referenced to GND)						
Logic High (Module OFF)						
Input High Current	All	Іін	_	_	1	mA
Input High Voltage	All	ViH	2.0	_	V _{IN, max}	Vdc
Logic Low (Module ON)						
Input low Current	All	lıL	_	_	10	μΑ
Input Low Voltage	All	VIL	0	_	1	Vdc
Turn-On Delay and Rise Times						
(V _{IN} =V _{IN, nom} , I _O =I _{O, max} , V _O to within ±1% of steady state)						
Case 1: On/Off input is enabled and then input power is applied (delay from instant at which $V_{IN} = V_{IN, min}$ until $V_0 = 10\%$ of V_0 , set)	All	Tdelay	_	2	_	msec
Case 2: Input power is applied for at least one second and then the On/Off input is enabled (delay from instant at which Von/Off is enabled until $V_0 = 10\%$ of V_0 , set)	All	Tdelay	_	2	_	msec
Output voltage Rise time (time for Vo to rise from 10% of Vo, set to 90% of Vo, set)	All	Trise	_	5	_	msec
Output voltage overshoot (T _A = 25°C					3.0	% V _{O, set}
V_{IN} = $V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$, I_0 = $I_{O, min}$ to $I_{O, max}$)						
With or without maximum external capacitance						
Over Temperature Protection	All	T_{ref}		135		°C
(See Thermal Considerations section)						
Sequencing Delay time						
Delay from V _{IN, min} to application of voltage on SEQ pin	All	TSEQ-delay	10			msec
Tracking Accuracy (Power-Up: 2V/ms)	All	Vseq –Vo			150	mV
(Power-Down: 2V/ms)	All	Vseq –Vo			100	mV
(V _{IN, min} to V _{IN, max} ; I _{O, min} to I _{O, max} VSEQ < V _O)						
Input Undervoltage Lockout						
Turn-on Threshold	All			4.45		Vdc
Turn-off Threshold	All			4.2		Vdc
Hysteresis	All			0.25		Vdc

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Feature Specifications (cont.)

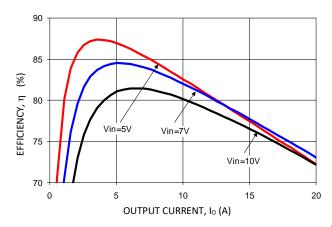
Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
PGOOD (Power Good)						
Signal Interface Open Drain, $V_{supply} \le 6VDC$						
Overvoltage threshold for PGOOD				110.8		%V _{O, set}
Undervoltage threshold for PGOOD				89.1		%V _{O, set}
Pulldown resistance of PGOOD pin	All			7	50	Ω

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Characteristic Curves

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V TLynx™ at 0.69Vo and at 25°C.



22 20 18 0.5m/s (100LFM) € 16 1m/s OUTPUT CURRENT, IO (200LFM) 12 6 Part (105 C) 85 95 35 45 65 75 105 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, TA OC

Figure 1. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current.

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Figure 2. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow. (Ruggedized Part is Discontinued)

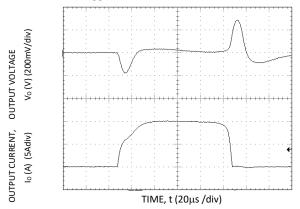


Figure 3. Typical output ripple and noise (VIN = 12V, Io = Io, max).

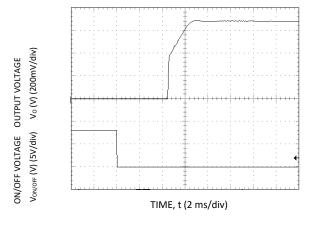


Figure 4. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%.

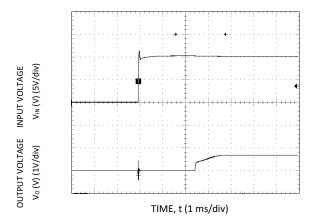


Figure 5. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage ($I_0 = I_{0,max}$).

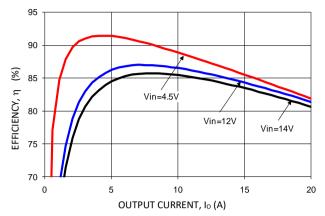
Figure 6. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage (V_{IN} = 10V, I_0 = $I_{0,max}$).

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Characteristic Curves (continued)

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V TLynx[™] at 1.2Vo and at 25°C.

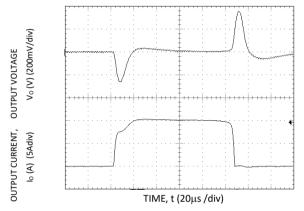


20 NC 18 € 16 (100LFM) OUTPUT CURRENT, Io 1m/s (200LFM) 12 (400LFM) 10 Standard Part 8 6 Ruggedized (D) Part (105 C) 25 35 85 105 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, TA OC

Figure 7. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current.

V₀ (V) (20mV/div)

Figure 8. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow. Ruggedized part is discontinued



TIME, t (1µs/div)

Figure 9. Typical output ripple and noise ($V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_0 = I_{O,max}$).

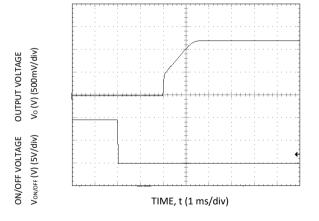


Figure 10. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%.

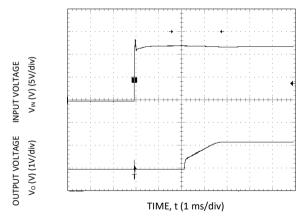


Figure 11. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max).

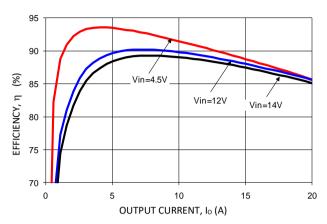
Figure 12. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage (VIN = 12V, Io = lo,max).

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Characteristic Curves (continued)

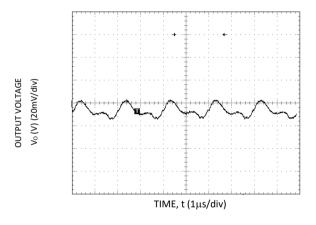
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V TLynx™ at 1.8Vo and at 25°C.



22 20 18 3 0.5m/s (100LFM) 16 OUTPUT CURRENT, IO 14 (200LFM) 12 (400LFM) 10 Part (105 C) 25 105 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, TA OC

Figure 13. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current.

Figure 14. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow. Ruggedized part is discontinued



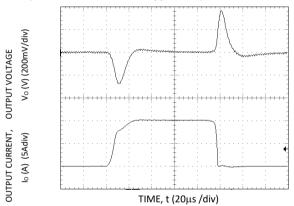
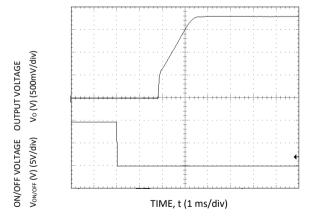


Figure 15. Typical output ripple and noise (V_{IN} = 12V, I_0 = $I_{O,max}$).

Figure 16. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%.



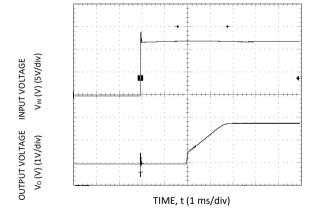


Figure 17. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max).

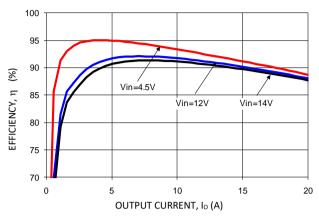
Figure 18. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage ($V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_0 = I_{0,max}$).

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Characteristic Curves (continued)

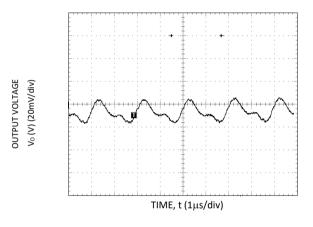
The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V TLynxTM at 2.5Vo and at 25°C.



22 20 18 3 16 OUTPUT CURRENT, IO (100LFM) 1m/s 14 12 (400LFM) (85°C) Part (105 C) 25 105 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, TA OC

Figure 19. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current.

Figure 20. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow. Ruggedized part is discontinued



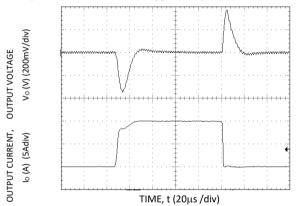
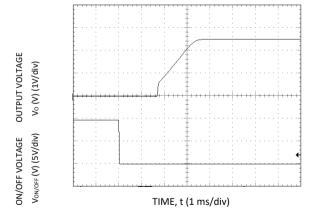


Figure 21. Typical output ripple and noise (V_{IN} = 12V, I_0 = $I_{O,max}$).

Figure 22. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% to 50% to 0%.



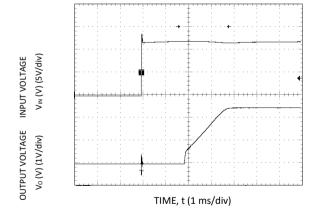


Figure 23. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage (Io = Io,max).

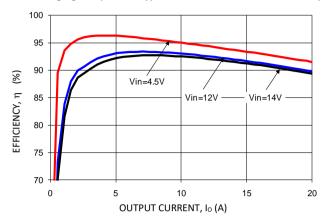
Figure 24. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage ($V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_0 = I_{0,max}$).

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Characteristic Curves (continued)

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V TLynxTM at 3.3Vo and at 25°C.



20 18 € 0.5m/s (100LFM) 16 OUTPUT CURRENT, Io 14 1m/s (200LFM) 12 (400LFM) 10 Standard Part (85°C) Ruggedized (D) Part (105°C) 105 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, TA OC

Figure 25. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE
Vo (V) (20mV/div)

Figure 26. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow. Ruggedized part is discontinued

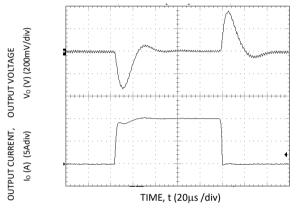


Figure 27. Typical output ripple and noise ($V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_0 = I_{O,max}$).

TIME, t (1µs/div)

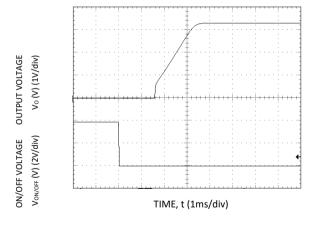


Figure 28. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% 50% to 0%.

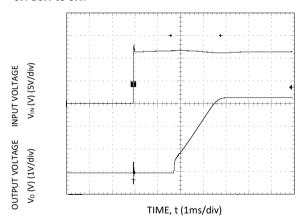


Figure 29. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage ($I_0 = I_{O,max}$).

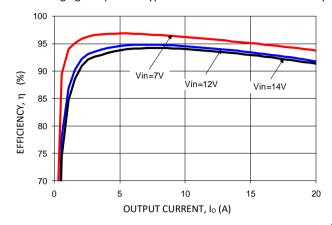
Figure 30. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage (V_{IN} = 12V, I_0 = $I_{0,max}$).

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

4.5Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Characteristic Curves (continued)

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the 12V TLynx™ at 5Vo and at 25°C.



20 18 € 0.5m/s 16 (100LFM) OUTPUT CURRENT, IO 14 (200LFM) 12 Standard Part (300LFM) (85°C) 10 Ruggedized (D) Part (105°C) (400LFM) 25 55 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE, TA OC

Figure 31. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE
Vo (V) (20mV/div)

Figure 34. Derating Output Current versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow. Ruggedized part is discontinued

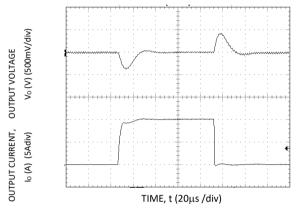


Figure 32. Typical output ripple and noise ($V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_0 = I_{O,max}$).

TIME, t (1µs/div)

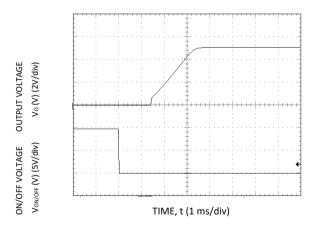


Figure 35. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 0% 50% to 0%.

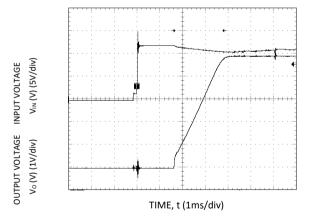


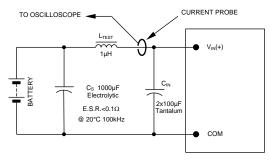
Figure 33. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage ($I_0 = I_{O,max}$).

Figure 36. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage (V_{IN} = 12V, I_0 = $I_{0,max}$).

12V TLynxTM 20A: Non-Isolated DC-DC Power Modules

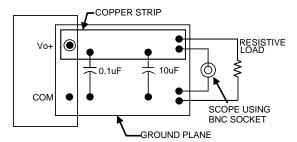
4.5Vdc -14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Test Configurations



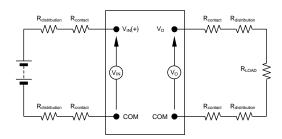
NOTE: Measure input reflected ripple current with a simulated source inductance (L_{TEST}) of 1µH. Capacitor C_{S} offsets possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.

Figure 37. Input Reflected Ripple Current Test Setup.



NOTE: All voltage measurements to be taken at the module terminals, as shown above. If sockets are used then Kelvin connections are required at the module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

Figure 38. Output Ripple and Noise Test Setup.



NOTE: All voltage measurements to be taken at the module terminals, as shown above. If sockets are used then Kelvin connections are required at the module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

Figure 39. Output Voltage and Efficiency Test Setup.

Efficiency
$$\eta = \frac{V_0. I_0}{V_{IN}. I_{IN}}$$
 x 100 %

Design Considerations

Input Filtering

The 12V TLynx[™] module should be connected to a low acimpedance source. A highly inductive source can affect the stability of the module. An input capacitance must be placed directly adjacent to the input pin of the module, to minimize input ripple voltage and ensure module stability.

To minimize input voltage ripple, low-ESR polymer and ceramic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module.

To minimize input voltage ripple, ceramic capacitors are recommended at the input of the module. Figure 40 shows the input ripple voltage for various output voltages at 20A of load current with 2x22 μ F or 3x22 μ F ceramic capacitors and an input of 12V.

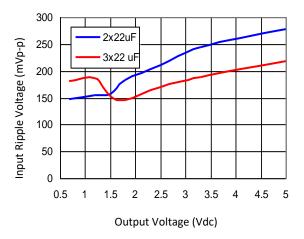


Figure 40. Input ripple voltage for various output voltages with 2x22 μ F or 3x22 μ F ceramic capacitors at the input (20A load). Input voltage is 12V.

Output Filtering

The 12V TLynxTM modules are designed for low output ripple voltage and will meet the maximum output ripple specification with 0.1 μF ceramic and 10 μF ceramic capacitors at the output of the module. However, additional output filtering may be required by the system designer for a number of reasons. First, there may be a need to further reduce the output ripple and noise of the module. Second, the dynamic response characteristics may need to be customized to a particular load step change.

To reduce the output ripple and improve the dynamic response to a step load change, additional capacitance at the output can be used. Low ESR polymer and ceramic capacitors are recommended to improve the dynamic response of the module. Figure 41 provides output ripple information for different external capacitance values at various Vo and for a full load current of 20A. For stable operation of the module, limit the capacitance to less than the maximum output capacitance as specified in the electrical specification table. Optimal performance of the module can be achieved by using

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the Tunable LoopTM feature described later in this data sheet.

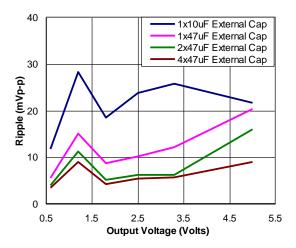


Figure 41. Output ripple voltage for various output voltages with external 1x10 μ F, 1x47 μ F, 2x47 μ F or 4x47 μ F ceramic capacitors at the output (20A load). Input voltage is 12V.

Safety Considerations

For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the enduse safety agency standards, i.e., UL ANSI/UL 62368-1 and CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE 0868-1/A11:2017 (EN62368-1:2014/A11:2017).

For the converter output to be considered meeting the Requirements of safety extra-low voltage (SELV) or ES1, the input must meet SELV/ES1 requirements. The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

The input to these units is to be provided with a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 20 A in the positive input lead.

Feature Descriptions

Remote Enable

The 12V TLynxTM modules feature an On/Off pin for remote On/Off operation. Two On/Off logic options are available. In the Positive Logic On/Off option, (device code suffix "4" – see Ordering Information), the module turns ON during a logic High on the On/Off pin and turns OFF during a logic Low. With the Negative Logic On/Off option, (no device code suffix, see Ordering Information), the module turns OFF during logic High and ON during logic Low. The On/Off signal is always referenced to ground. For either On/Off logic option, leaving the On/Off pin disconnected will turn the module ON when input voltage is present.

For positive logic modules, the circuit configuration for using the On/Off pin is shown in Figure 42. When the external transistor Q1 is in the OFF state, the internal PWM Enable signal is pulled high through an internal 24.9k Ω resistor and the external pullup resistor and the module is ON. When transistor Q1 is turned ON, the On/Off pin is pulled low and the module is OFF. A suggested value for $R_{\rm pullup}$ is $20k\Omega$.

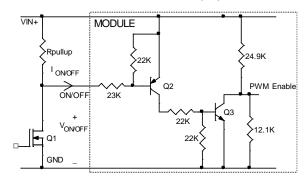
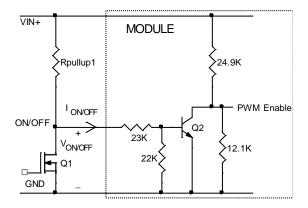


Figure 42. Circuit configuration for using positive On/Off logic.

For negative logic On/Off modules, the circuit configuration is shown in Fig. 43. The On/Off pin should be pulled high with an external pull-up resistor (suggested value for the 4.5V to 14V input range is 20Kohms). When transistor Q1 is in the OFF state, the On/Off pin is pulled high, internal transistor Q2 is turned ON and the module is OFF. To turn the module ON, Q1 is turned ON pulling the On/Off pin low, turning transistor Q2 OFF resulting in the PWM Enable pin going high and the module turning ON.



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Figure 43. Circuit configuration for using negative On/Off logic.

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit enters hiccup mode. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

Over Temperature Protection

To provide protection in a fault condition, the unit is equipped with a thermal shutdown circuit. The unit will shutdown if the overtemperature threshold of 135°C is exceeded at the thermal reference point $T_{\rm ref}$. The thermal shutdown is not intended as a guarantee that the unit will survive temperatures beyond its rating. Once the unit goes into thermal shutdown it will then wait to cool before attempting to restart.

Input Undervoltage Lockout

At input voltages below the input undervoltage lockout limit, the module operation is disabled. The module will begin to operate at an input voltage above the undervoltage lockout turn-on threshold.

Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the 12V TLynx™ module can be programmed to any voltage from 0.69dc to 5.5Vdc by connecting a resistor between the Trim and GND pins of the module. Certain restrictions apply on the output voltage set point depending on the input voltage. These are shown in the Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage Set Point Area plot in Fig. 44. The Upper Limit curve shows that for output voltages of 0.9V and lower, the input voltage must be lower than the maximum of 14V. The Lower Limit curve shows that for output voltages of 3.3V and higher, the input voltage needs to be larger than the minimum of 4.5V.

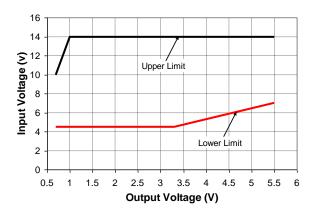


Figure 44. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage Set Point Area plot showing limits where the output voltage can be set for different input voltages.

Without an external resistor between Trim and GND pins, the output of the module will be 0.69Vdc. To calculate the value of the trim resistor, *Rtrim* for a desired output voltage, use the following equation:

$$Rtrim = \left[\frac{6.9}{(Vo - 0.69)}\right] k\Omega$$

Rtrim is the external resistor in $k\Omega$

Vo is the desired output voltage.

Table 1 provides Rtrim values required for some common output voltages.

Table 1

V _{O, set} (V)	Rtrim (KΩ)
0.7	690
1.0	22.26
1.2	13.53
1.5	8.519
1.8	6.216
2.5	3.812
3.3	2.644
5.0	1.601

By using a $\pm 0.5\%$ tolerance trim resistor with a TC of ± 100 ppm, a set point tolerance of $\pm 1.5\%$ can be achieved as specified in the electrical specification.

Remote Sense

The 12V TLynxTM power modules have a Remote Sense feature to minimize the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage between the S+ and S- pins. The voltage between the S- and GND pins of the module must not drop below -0.2V. If Remote Sense is being used, the voltage between S+ and S- cannot be more than 0.5V larger than the voltage between VOUT and GND. Note that the output voltage of the module cannot exceed the specified maximum value. When the Remote Sense feature is not being used, connect the S+ pin to the VOUT pin and the S- pin to the GND pin.

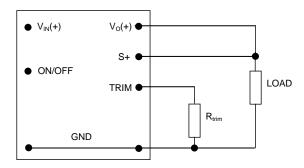


Figure 45. Circuit configuration for programming output voltage using an external resistor.

Voltage Margining

Output voltage margining can be implemented in the 12V TLynxTM modules by connecting a resistor, R_{margin-up}, from the Trim pin to the ground pin for margining-up the output voltage and by connecting a resistor, R_{margin-down}, from the Trim pin to output pin for margining-down. Figure 46 shows the circuit

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configuration for output voltage margining. The POL Programming Tool, available at www.lineagepower.com under the Design Tools section, also calculates the values of $R_{margin-up}$ and $R_{margin-down}$ for a specific output voltage and % margin. Please consult your local Lineage Power Technical Representative for additional details.

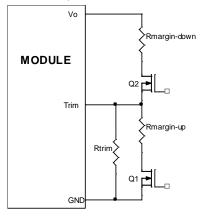


Figure 46. Circuit Configuration for margining Output voltage

Monotonic Start-up and Shutdown

The 12V TLynx[™] modules have monotonic start-up and shutdown behavior for any combination of rated input voltage, output current and operating temperature range.

Startup into Pre-biased Output

The 12V Pico TLynx[™] 20A modules can start into a prebiased output as long as the prebias voltage is 0.5V less than the set output voltage. Note that prebias operation is not supported when output voltage sequencing is used.

Output Voltage Sequencing

The 12V TLynxTM modules include a sequencing feature, EZ-SEQUENCE that enables users to implement various types of output voltage sequencing in their applications. This is accomplished via an additional sequencing pin. When not using the sequencing feature, either tie the SEQ pin to VIN or leave it unconnected.

When an analog voltage is applied to the SEQ pin, the output voltage tracks this voltage until the output reaches the set-point voltage. The final value of the SEQ voltage must be set higher than the set-point voltage of the module. The output voltage follows the voltage on the SEQ pin on a one-to-one volt basis. By connecting multiple modules together, multiple modules can track their output voltages to the voltage applied on the SEQ pin.

For proper voltage sequencing, first, input voltage is applied to the module. The On/Off pin of the module is left unconnected (or tied to GND for negative logic modules or tied to VIN for positive logic modules) so that the module is ON by default. After applying input voltage to the module, a minimum 10msec delay is required before applying voltage on the SEQ pin. During this time, a voltage of 50mV (± 20 mV) is maintained on the SEQ pin. This delay gives the module enough time to complete its internal power-up soft-start cycle. During the delay time, the SEQ pin should be held close to ground (nominally 50mV ± 20 mV). This is required to keep the internal op-

amp out of saturation thus preventing output overshoot during the start of the sequencing ramp. By selecting resistor R1 (see fig. 47) according to the following equation

$$R1 = \frac{24950}{V_{IN} - 0.05} \text{ ohms,}$$

the voltage at the sequencing pin will be 50mV when the sequencing signal is at zero.

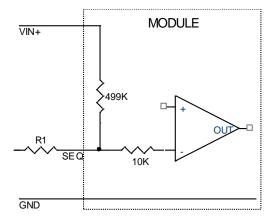


Figure 47. Circuit showing connection of the sequencing signal to the SEQ pin.

After the 10msec delay, an analog voltage is applied to the SEQ pin and the output voltage of the module will track this voltage on a one-to-one volt bases until the output reaches the set-point voltage. To initiate simultaneous shutdown of the modules, the SEQ pin voltage is lowered in a controlled manner. The output voltage of the modules tracks the voltages below their set-point voltages on a one-to-one basis. A valid input voltage must be maintained until the tracking and output voltages reach ground potential.

When using the EZ-SEQUENCE™ feature to control start-up of the module, pre-bias immunity during start-up is disabled. The pre-bias immunity feature of the module relies on the module being in the diode-mode during start-up. When using the EZ-SEQUENCETM feature, modules goes through an internal set-up time of 10msec, and will be in synchronous rectification mode when the voltage at the SEQ pin is applied. This will result in the module sinking current if a pre-bias voltage is present at the output of the module. When pre-bias immunity during start-up is required, the EZ-SEQUENCE™ feature must be disabled. For additional guidelines on using the EZ-SEQUENCE™ feature please refer to Application Note AN04-008 "Application Guidelines for Non-Isolated Converters: Guidelines for Sequencing of Multiple Modules", or contact the Lineage Power Technical representative for additional information.

Power Good

The 12V TLynxTM modules provide a Power Good (PGOOD) signal that is implemented with an open-drain output to indicate that the output voltage is within the regulation limits of the power module. The PGOOD signal will be de-asserted to a low state if any condition such as overtemperature, overcurrent or loss of regulation occurs that would result in the output voltage going ±11% outside the setpoint value. The

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PGOOD terminal should be connected through a pullup resistor (suggested value $100K\Omega$) to a source of 6VDC or less.

Synchronization

The 12V TLynx[™] series of modules can be synchronized using an external signal. Details of the SYNC signal are provided in the Electrical Specifications table. If the synchronization function is not being used, leave the SYNC pin floating.

Tunable Loop™

The 12V TLynxTM 20A modules have a new feature that optimizes transient response of the module called Tunable LoopTM.

External capacitors are usually added to the output of the module for two reasons: to reduce output ripple and noise (see Figure 41) and to reduce output voltage deviations from the steady-state value in the presence of dynamic load current changes. Adding external capacitance however affects the voltage control loop of the module, typically causing the loop to slow down with sluggish response. Larger values of external capacitance could also cause the module to become unstable.

The Tunable LoopTM allows the user to externally adjust the voltage control loop to match the filter network connected to the output of the module. The Tunable LoopTM is implemented by connecting a series R-C between the SENSE and TRIM pins of the module, as shown in Fig. 47. This R-C allows the user to externally adjust the voltage loop feedback compensation of the module.

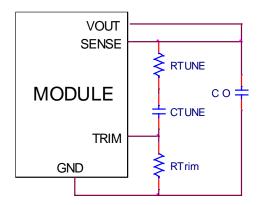


Figure. 48. Circuit diagram showing connection of R_{TUME} and C_{TUNE} to tune the control loop of the module.

Recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for different output capacitor combinations are given in Tables 2 and 3. Table 2 shows the recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for different values of ceramic output capacitors up to 940 $\mathbb P}F$ that might be needed for an application to meet output ripple and noise requirements. Selecting R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} according to Table 2 will ensure stable operation of the module.

In applications with tight output voltage limits in the presence of dynamic current loading, additional output capacitance will be required. Table 3 lists recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} in order to meet 2% output voltage deviation limits for some common output voltages in the presence of a 10A to 20A step change (50% of full load), with an input voltage of 12V.

Please contact your Lineage Power technical representative to obtain more details of this feature as well as for guidelines on how to select the right value of external R-C to tune the module for best transient performance and stable operation for other output capacitance values or input voltages other than 12V.

Table 2. General recommended values of of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} for Vin=12V and various external ceramic capacitor combinations.

Со	1x47μF	2x47μF	4x47μF	10x47μF	20x47μF
R _{TUNE}	240	240	240	150	150
C _{TUNE}	1500pF	2700pF	5600pF	12nF	15nF

Table 3. General Recommended values of R_{TUNE} and C_{TUNE} to obtain transient deviation of 2% of Vout for a 10A step load with Vin=12V.

Vo	5V	3.3V	2.5V	1.8V	1.2V	0.69V
Co	6x47μF	5x47μF + 330μF Polymer	2x 330μF Polymer	6x47μF + 2x330μF Polymer	6x47μF + 4x330μF Polymer	12 x330μF Polymer
R _{TUNE}	220	220	200	150	150	150
C _{TUNE}	5600pF	7500pF	18nF	33nF	120nF	120nF
ΔV	99mV	66mV	50mV	36mV	24mV	12mV

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Thermal Considerations

Power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments; however, sufficient cooling should always be provided to help ensure reliable operation.

Considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel. The test set-up is shown in Figure 49. The preferred airflow direction for the module is in Figure 50. The derating data applies to airflow in either direction of the module's long axis.

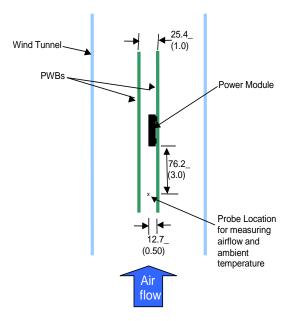


Figure 49. Thermal Test Setup.

The thermal reference points, T_{ref} used in the specifications are also shown in Figure 50. For reliable operation the temperatures at these points should not exceed 125°C. The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power of the module (Vo,set x Io,max).

Please refer to the Application Note "Thermal Characterization Process For Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules" for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.

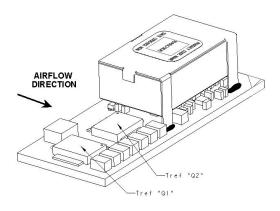


Figure 50. Preferred airflow direction and location of hot-spot of the module (Tref).

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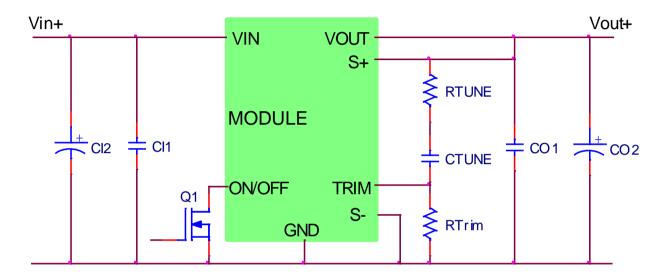
Example Application Circuit

Requirements:

Vin: 12V Vout: 1.8V

Iout: 15A max., worst case load transient is from 10A to 15A
 ΔVout: 1.5% of Vout (36mV) for worst case load transient

Vin, ripple 1.5% of Vin (180mV, p-p)



CI1 2 x 22µF/16V ceramic capacitor (e.g. Murata GRM32ER61C226KE20)

CI2 200µF/16V bulk electrolytic

CO1 5 x 47μF/6.3V ceramic capacitor (e.g. Murata GRM31CR60J476ME19)

CO2 2 x 330µF/6.3V Polymer (e.g. Sanyo, Poscap)

CTune 22nF ceramic capacitor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size)

RTune 150 ohms SMT resistor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size)

RTrim 6.19k Ω SMT resistor (can be 1206, 0805 or 0603 size, recommended tolerance of 0.1%)

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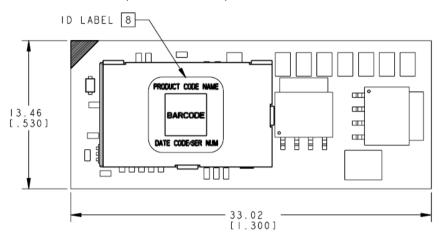
4.5Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Mechanical Outline

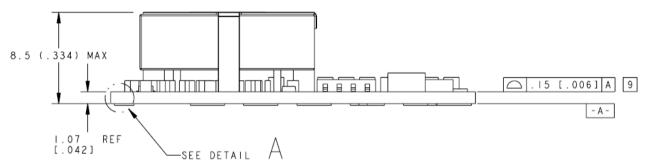
Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.xx in. \pm 0.02 in. (x.x mm \pm 0.5 mm) [unless otherwise indicated]

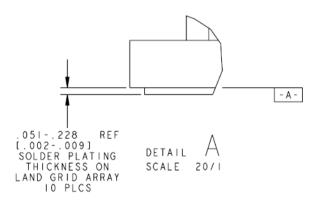
x.xxx in \pm 0.010 in. (x.xx mm \pm 0.25 mm)



Top View



Side View



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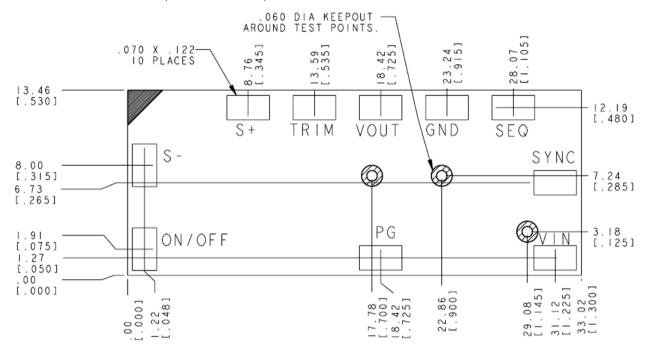
4.5Vdc –14Vdc input; 0.69Vdc to 5.5Vdc output; 20A Output Current

Recommended Pad Layout

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.xx in. \pm 0.02 in. (x.x mm \pm 0.5 mm) [unless otherwise indicated]

x.xxx in \pm 0.010 in. (x.xx mm \pm 0.25 mm)



RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT -THRU THE BOARD-

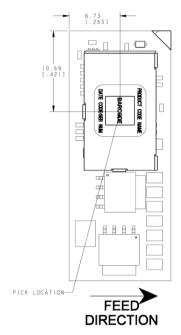
PIN	FUNCTION
1	ON/OFF
2	VIN
3	SEQ
4	GND
5	VOUT
6	TRIM
7	S+
8	S-
9	PGOOD
10	SYNC

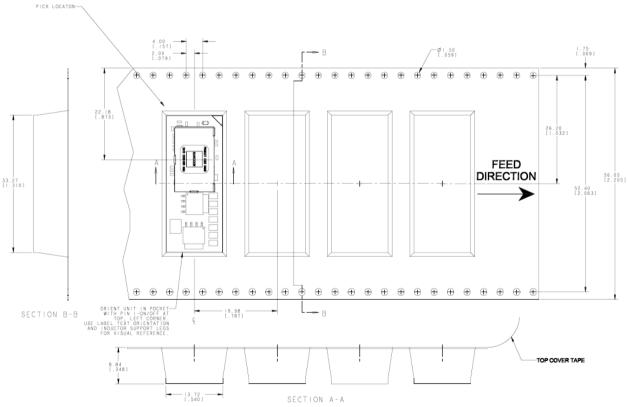
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Packaging Details

The 12V TLynx™ modules are supplied in tape & reel as standard. Modules are shipped in quantities of 250 modules per reel. All Dimensions are in millimeters and (in inches).





Reel Dimensions:

Outside Dimensions: 330.2 mm (13.00")

Inside Dimensions: 177.8 mm (7.00")

Tape Width: 24.00 mm (0.945")

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Surface Mount Information

Pick and Place

The 12V TLynxTM modules use an open frame construction and are designed for a fully automated assembly process. The modules are fitted with a label designed to provide a large surface area for pick and place operations. The label meets all the requirements for surface mount processing, as well as safety standards, and is able to withstand reflow temperatures of up to 300°C. The label also carries product information such as product code, serial number and the location of manufacture.

Nozzle Recommendations

The module weight has been kept to a minimum by using open frame construction. Variables such as nozzle size, tip style, vacuum pressure and placement speed should be considered to optimize this process. The minimum recommended inside nozzle diameter for reliable operation is 3mm. The maximum nozzle outer diameter, which will safely fit within the allowable component spacing, is 7 mm.

Bottom Side / First Side Assembly

This module is not recommended for assembly on the bottom side of a customer board. If such an assembly is attempted, components may fall off the module during the second reflow process. If assembly on the bottom side is planned, please contact Lineage Power for special manufacturing process instructions

Lead Free Soldering

The 12V TLynx[™] modules are lead-free (Pb-free) and RoHS compliant and fully compatible in a Pb-free soldering process. Failure to observe the instructions below may result in the failure of or cause damage to the modules and can adversely affect long-term reliability.

Pb-free Reflow Profile

Power Systems will comply with J-STD-020 Rev. C (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb-free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures. This standard provides a recommended forced-air-convection reflow profile based on the volume and thickness of the package (table 4-2). The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). For questions regarding LGA, solder volume; please contact Lineage Power for special manufacturing process instructions. The recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in Fig. 50. Soldering outside of the recommended profile requires testing to verify results and performance.

MSL Rating

The 12V TLynx[™] modules have a MSL rating of 2.

Storage and Handling

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J-STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original

package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of $\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 60% relative humidity varies according to the MSL rating (see J-STD-033A). The shelf life for dry packed SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions: $<40^{\circ}\text{ C}, <90\%$ relative humidity.

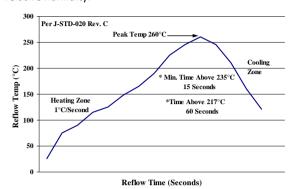


Figure 50. Recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder.

Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit-board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit-board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to *Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning* Application Note (AN04-001).

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Ordering Information

Please contact your Lineage Power Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

Table 6. Device Codes

Device Code	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current	On/Off Logic	Comcodes
APTS020A0X3-SRZ	4.5 – 14Vdc	0.69 – 5.5Vdc	20A	Negative	CC109127115
APTS020A0X43-SRZ	4.5 – 14Vdc	0.69 – 5.5Vdc	20A	Positive	CC109127123

Table 7. Coding Scheme

TLynx family	Sequencing feature.	Input voltage range	Output current	Output voltage	On/Off logic	Options		ROHS Compliance
AP	T	S	020A0	х	4	-SR		Z
	T = with Seq. X = w/o Seq.	S = 4.5 - 14V	20.0A	X = programmable output	4 = positive No entry = negative	S = Surface Mount R = Tape&Reel		Z = ROHS6

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